## FOURIER ANALYSIS (MATS315) - EXERCISE 4

Return by: October 07, 2022 (Friday)

**Exercise 1** (Exercise 2.7.10, 10 pts). Prove Lemma 2.7.9.

**Exercise 2** (Exercise 2.8.17, 10 pts). Prove that for every  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  one has

$$(e^{-c|x|})' = -ce^{-cx}H(x) + ce^{cx}H(-x) \quad \text{in } \mathscr{D}'(\mathbb{R}).$$

**Exercise 3** (Exercise 2.8.18, 10 pts). Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \ln |x| - x & \text{for } x \neq 0, \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0. \end{cases}$$

Prove that f is a continuous function and compute its distributional derivative (of order 1) f'.

**Exercise 4** (Exercise 2.8.19, 10 pts). Let n = 1 an  $T = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \partial^j \delta_j \in \mathscr{D}'(\mathbb{R})$ , that is,

$$T(\varphi) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (-1)^j \varphi^{(j)} \bigg|_{x=j} \quad \text{for all } \varphi \in \mathscr{D}(\mathbb{R}).$$

Show that T does not have finite order.

**Exercise 5** (Exercise 2.9.5, 10 pts). Show that if  $A \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is compact and  $B \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is closed, then A + B is a closed set in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

**Exercise 6** (Exercise 2.11.4, 10 pts). Let  $T_1 = 1$ ,  $T_2 = \delta'_0$  and  $T_3 = H$  (the Heaviside unit step function) and show that

 $(T_1 * T_2) * T_3$  and  $(T_2 * T_3) * T_1$  both exist but they are not identical.

This exercise emphasizes that in general the associativity property in Proposition 2.11.3(1) only valid with the condition on supports.