

**PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (701925001, 751944001, 112-2) -
HOMEWORK 10**

Return by: June 6, 2024 (Thursday) 16:00

Total marks: 50

Note. One should try to solve all problems in the lecture note. Here I only choose some of them in this homework.

Exercise 1 (10 points). Given any function $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. We say that f is odd (resp. even) if $f(-x) = -f(x)$ (resp. $f(-x) = f(x)$) for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Show that f can be *uniquely* decomposed as $f = f_{\text{even}} + f_{\text{odd}}$, where f_{even} is even and f_{odd} is odd.

Exercise 2 (10 points). Compute the Fourier sine series and Fourier cosine series of the constant function $f(x) = 1$ on the interval $(0, \pi)$.

It is easy to see that $\{e^{i\mathbf{j}\cdot\mathbf{x}}\}_{\mathbf{j}\in\mathbb{Z}^n}$ forms an orthonormal set in $L^2(Q)$ with respect to the normalized inner product

$$(f, g)_{L^2(Q)} := \frac{1}{|Q|} \int_Q f(\mathbf{x}) \overline{g(\mathbf{x})} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

where $Q := [-\pi, \pi]^n$. In class, we proved that $\{e^{i\mathbf{j}\cdot\mathbf{x}}\}_{\mathbf{j}\in\mathbb{Z}^n}$ is indeed a Hilbert basis of $L^2(Q)$.

Exercise 3 (10 points). Let $T > 0$ and let $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be a function with period $2T$ on each variable. Compute the Fourier coefficient $\hat{f}(\mathbf{k})$ of the Fourier series

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}\in\mathbb{Z}^n} \hat{f}(\mathbf{k}) e^{i\frac{\pi}{T}\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{x}} \quad \text{on the square } (-T, T)^n.$$

Exercise 4 (10 points). For the case when $n = 1$, express the Fourier series in Exercise 3 of the form

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}B_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(A_k \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{T}kx\right) + B_k \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{T}kx\right) \right) \quad \text{on the square } (-T, T)^n.$$

Exercise 5 (10 points). Find a necessary and sufficient condition in terms of Fourier coefficient $\hat{f}(\mathbf{k})$ in Exercise 3 so that f is real-valued.